

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty JRP Distribution Ltd

Version No: 4.6

Safety data sheet according to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758

Issue Date: **10/25/2023** Print Date: **10/25/2023** S.REACH.GB.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

| The route definition | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Product name | teelStik™ Epoxy Putty | | | |
| Synonyms | 8267 (SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty Stick) | | | |
| Other means of identification | UFI:SRVQ-J0S9-X008-KKMU | | | |

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Relevant identified uses | Use according to manufacturer's directions. | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| Uses advised against | No specific uses advised against are identified. | | |

1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | JRP Distribution Ltd | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Address | nit 10A, Business Park, City Fields Way Tangmere PO20 2FT United Kingdom | | | |
| Telephone | 1903 750355 | | | |
| Fax | lot Available | | | |
| Website | www.jbweld.com | | | |
| Email | info@jbweld.com | | | |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

| Association / Organisation | Department of Health & Social Care (DHSC) | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Emergency telephor numbe | | | |
| Other emergency telephor numbe | e s Not Available | | |

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

| Classified according to GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 [1] | H315 - Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H317 - Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B, H319 - Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 |
|--|---|
| Legend: | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

| H315 | Causes skin irritation. | | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| H317 | ay cause an allergic skin reaction. | | | |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. | | | |

Supplementary statement(s)

Version No: **4.6** Page **2** of **16** Issue Date: **10/25/2023**

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Print Date: 10/25/2023

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| P261 | P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. | | | |
| P264 | Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling. | | | |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. | | | |

Precautionary statement(s) Response

| P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap. | | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| P305+P351+P338 | F IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. | | | |
| P333+P313 | skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. | | | |
| P337+P313 | If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. | | | |
| P362+P364 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. | | | |

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

2.3. Other hazards

Cumulative effects may result following exposure*.

May produce discomfort of the eyes, respiratory tract and skin*.

Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect*.

| glass, oxide | Listed in the Europe Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 - Annex XVII (Restrictions may apply) |
|--------------|---|
|--------------|---|

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

3.1.Substances

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

3.2.Mixtures

| 1. CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No | %[weight] | Name | Classified according to GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 | SCL / M-Factor | Nanoform Particle Characteristics |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1. 25068-38-6* 2.500-033-5 3.603-074-00-8 4.Not Available | 10 - 20 | bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3 , Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B; H335, H315, H319, H317 ^[1] | Eye Irrit. 2; H319: C ≥ 5 % Skin Irrit 2; H315: C ≥ 5 % | Not Available |
| 1. 3101-60-8* 2.221-453-2 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | < 1 | 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2, Acute Toxicity (Dermal) Category 4, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1; H411, H312, H302, H315, H317 ^[1] | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 14807-96-6* 2.238-877-9 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | 30 - 40 | Talc | Not Applicable | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 1318-59-8* 2.215-285-9 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | 1 - 5 | Chlorite | Not Applicable | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 14808-60-7* 2.238-878-4 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | < 0.1 | Quartz | Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 1, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) Category 3, Carcinogenicity Category 1A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 1; H370, H335, H350, H372 [1] | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 13463-67-7 2.236-675-5 3.022-006-00-2 4.Not Available | < 1 | titanium dioxide (brookite) | Carcinogenicity Category 2; H351 [2] | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 65997-17-3 2.266-046-0 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | 10 - 20 | glass. oxide | Not Applicable | Not Available | Not Available |

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 3 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

| 1. CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No | %[weight] | Name | Classified according to GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567 | SCL / M-Factor | Nanoform Particle Characteristics |
|---|--|---|--|-------------------|---|
| 1. 16389-88-1* 2.240-440-2 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | < 1 | Dolomite | Not Applicable | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 546-93-0* 2.208-915-9 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | <1 | <u>Magnesite</u> | Not Applicable | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 7439-89-6 2.231-096-4 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | 20 - 30 | iron | Not Applicable | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 72244-98-5* 2.Not Available 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | 10 - 20 | pentaerythritol. propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped | Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3; H317, H412 ^[1] | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 71074-89-0* 2.275-162-0 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | < 0.5 | bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1; H318 ^[1] | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 90-72-2* 2.202-013-9 3.603-069-00-0 4.Not Available | 1 - 5 | 2.4.6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1C, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1; H314, H318 [1] | Not Available | Not Available |
| 1. 1333-86-4 2.422-130-0 435-640-3 215-609-9 3.Not Available 4.Not Available | < 0.1 | carbon black | Carcinogenicity Category 2; H351 ^[1] | Not Available | Not Available |
| Legend: | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from GB-CLP Regulation, UK SI 2019/720 and UK SI 2020/1567; 3. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties | | | | |

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact | If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. |
|--------------|---|
| Skin Contact | If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 1

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Metal dust fires need to be smothered with sand, inert dry powders.

DO NOT USE WATER, CO2 or FOAM.

- ▶ Use DRY sand, graphite powder, dry sodium chloride based extinguishers, G-1 or Met L-X to smother fire.
- ▶ DO NOT use halogenated fire extinguishing agents.

$\ensuremath{\mathsf{5.2.}}$ Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| Fire Incompatibility | ► Reacts with acids producing flammable / explosive hydrogen (H2) gas |
|----------------------|---|
| | |

5.3. Advice for firefighters

| Fire Fighting | Alert Fire Department and tell them location and nature of hazard. |
|---------------|--|
|---------------|--|

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 4 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.

 DO NOT disturb burning dust. Explosion may result if dust is stirred into a cloud, by providing oxygen to a large surface of hot metal.
 DO NOT use water or foam as generation of explosive hydrogen may result.
 Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: metal oxides
 May emit corrosive fumes.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Minor Spills | Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. |
|--------------|---|
| Major Spills | Minor hazard. • Clear area of personnel. • Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. |

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

| Safe handling | Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Fire and explosion protection | See section 5 |
| Other information | Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. |

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

| 7.2. Conditions for safe storage | e, including any incompatibilities |
|--|---|
| Suitable container | Polyethylene or polypropylene container. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. |
| Storage incompatibility | For frits: Avoid storage with hydrogen fluoride/ hydrofluoric acid, oxygen difluoride, manganese trifluoride, fluorine and other fluorine containing compounds, manganese trioxide, chlorates, chlorine trifluoride, chlorine trioxide, strong alkalis, metal oxides, concentrated orthophosphoric acid or vinyl acetate. WARNING: Avoid or control reaction with peroxides. All transition metal peroxides should be considered as potentially explosive. For example transition metal complexes of alkyl hydroperoxides may decompose explosively. Many metals may incandesce, react violently, ignite or react explosively upon addition of concentrated nitric acid. Reacts slowly with water. CAUTION contamination with moisture will liberate explosive hydrogen gas, causing pressure build up in sealed containers. Reacts violently with caustic soda, other alkalies - generating heat, highly flammable hydrogen gas. If alkall is dry, heat generated may ignite hydrogen - if alkall is in solution may cause violent foaming Metals exhibit varying degrees of activity. Reaction is reduced in the massive form (sheet, rod, or drop), compared with finely divided forms. The less active metals will not burn in air but: can react exothermically with oxidising acids to form noxious gases. Finely divided metal powders develop pyrophoricity when a critical specific surface area is exceeded; this is ascribed to high heat of oxide formation on exposure to air. Safe handling is possible in relatively low concentrations of oxygen in an inert gas. Several pyrophoric metals, stored in glass bottles have ignited when the container is broken on impact. Many metals in elemental form react exothermically with compounds having active hydrogen atoms (such as acids and water) to form flammable hydrogen gas and caustic products. Elemental metals may react with azo/diazo compounds to form explosive products. |
| Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 | Not Available |
| Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of | Not Available |

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 5 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

See section 1.2

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| Ingredient | DNELs Exposure Pattern Worker | PNECs Compartment |
|---|--|--|
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | Dermal 1 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 3.5 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Dermal 1.6 μg/cm² (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 3.5 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Dermal 1 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Acute) Inhalation 3.5 mg/m³ (Systemic, Acute) Dermal 1.6 μg/cm² (Local, Acute) Inhalation 3.5 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) Dermal 0.5 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.75 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) * Dermal 0.95 μg/cm² (Local, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.75 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * Dermal 0.95 μg/cm² (Local, Chronic) * Dermal 0.5 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Acute) * Dermal 0.95 μg/cm² (Local, Acute) * | 7.5 µg/L (Water (Fresh)) 75 µg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 0.75 µg/L (Water (Marine)) 33.54 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 3.354 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 11.4 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 100 mg/L (STP) |
| Talc | Dermal 43.2 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 2.16 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Dermal 4.54 mg/cm² (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 3.6 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 2.16 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) Inhalation 3.6 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) Dermal 21.6 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.08 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) * Oral 160 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Dermal 2.27 mg/cm² (Local, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.8 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.08 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * | 597.97 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 597.97 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 141.26 mg/L (Water (Marine)) 31.33 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 3.13 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) |
| Quartz | Inhalation 40 µg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Oral 0.03 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 8 µg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * | Not Available |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | Inhalation 0.8 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Inhalation 28 μg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * | Not Available |
| Magnesite | Inhalation 6.2 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Oral 7.23 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 0.94 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * Oral 7.23 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Acute) * Inhalation 8.63 mg/m³ (Local, Acute) * | Not Available |
| iron | Inhalation 3 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) Oral 0.71 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 1.5 mg/m³ (Local, Chronic) * | Not Available |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Dermal 0.15 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 0.53 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Dermal 0.6 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Acute) Inhalation 2.1 mg/m³ (Systemic, Acute) Dermal 0.075 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Inhalation 0.13 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) * Oral 0.075 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Chronic) * Dermal 0.075 mg/kg bw/day (Systemic, Acute) * Inhalation 0.13 mg/m³ (Systemic, Acute) * | 0.046 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) 0.46 mg/L (Water - Intermittent release) 0.005 mg/L (Water (Marine)) 0.262 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Fresh Water)) 0.026 mg/kg sediment dw (Sediment (Marine)) 0.025 mg/kg soil dw (Soil) 0.2 mg/L (STP) |
| carbon black | Inhalation 1 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) Inhalation 0.06 mg/m³ (Systemic, Chronic) * | 50 mg/L (Water (Fresh)) |

^{*} Values for General Population

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

| INOREDIENT DATA | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | Talc | Talc, respirable dust | 1 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | Quartz | Silica, respirable crystalline (respirable fraction) | 0.1 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Carc (where generated as a result of a work process) |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | titanium dioxide (brookite) | Titanium dioxide: respirable | 4 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | titanium dioxide (brookite) | Titanium dioxide: total inhalable | 10 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | Magnesite | Magnesite: inhalable dust | 10 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | Magnesite | Magnesite: respirable dust | 4 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 6 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

| Source | Ingredient | Material name | TWA | STEL | Peak | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|---------|------------------|---------------|
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs). | iron | Iron salts (as Fe) | 1 mg/m3 | 2 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available |
| UK Workplace Exposure Limits | carbon black | Carbon black | 3.5 mg/m3 | 7 mg/m3 | Not Available | Not Available |

Emergency Limits

| Ingredient | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|---|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | 90 mg/m3 | 990 mg/m3 | 5,900 mg/m3 |
| Quartz | 0.075 mg/m3 | 33 mg/m3 | 200 mg/m3 |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | 30 mg/m3 | 330 mg/m3 | 2,000 mg/m3 |
| glass, oxide | 15 mg/m3 | 170 mg/m3 | 990 mg/m3 |
| Magnesite | 45 mg/m3 | 260 mg/m3 | 1,600 mg/m3 |
| iron | 3.2 mg/m3 | 35 mg/m3 | 150 mg/m3 |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | 6.5 mg/m3 | 72 mg/m3 | 430 mg/m3 |
| carbon black | 9 mg/m3 | 99 mg/m3 | 590 mg/m3 |

| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH |
|---|---------------------|---------------|
| bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | Not Available | Not Available |
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | Not Available | Not Available |
| Talc | 1,000 mg/m3 | Not Available |
| Chlorite | Not Available | Not Available |
| Quartz | 25 mg/m3 / 50 mg/m3 | Not Available |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | 5,000 mg/m3 | Not Available |
| glass, oxide | Not Available | Not Available |
| Dolomite | Not Available | Not Available |
| Magnesite | Not Available | Not Available |
| iron | Not Available | Not Available |
| pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped | Not Available | Not Available |
| bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available | Not Available |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available | Not Available |
| carbon black | 1,750 mg/m3 | Not Available |

Occupational Exposure Banding

| Ingredient | Occupational Exposure Band Rating | Occupational Exposure Band Limit | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | E | ≤ 0.1 ppm | | |
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | E | ≤ 0.1 ppm | | |
| pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped | D | > 0.1 to ≤ 1 ppm | | |
| Notes: | Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a | | | |

adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Metal dusts must be collected at the source of generation as they are potentially explosive.

- Avoid ignition sources.
- ► Good housekeeping practices must be maintained.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment











Eye and face protection

- ► Safety glasses with side shields.
- Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

Hands/feet protection

- Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 7 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

| | NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. |
|------------------|--|
| Body protection | See Other protection below |
| Other protection | Overalls. P.V.C apron. Barrier cream. |

Respiratory protection

Type -P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Grey Putty | | |
|--|-----------------|---|---------------|
| Physical state | Non Slump Paste | Relative density (Water = 1) | Not Available |
| Odor | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied) | Not Available | Decomposition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | Not Available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | Not Available | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Available |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Available | | |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Available | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Available | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water | Immiscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | Not Available |
| Nanoform Solubility | Not Available | Nanoform Particle Characteristics | Not Available |
| Particle Size | Not Available | | |

9.2. Other information

Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

| | • |
|--|---|
| 10.1.Reactivity | See section 7.2 |
| 10.2. Chemical stability | Presence of heat source and ignition source Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7.2 |
| 10.4. Conditions to avoid | See section 7.2 |
| 10.5. Incompatible materials | See section 7.2 |
| 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5.3 |

Version No: **4.6** Page **8** of **16** Issue Date: **10/25/2023**

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Print Date: 10/25/2023

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

| 11.1. Information on toxicologic | cal effe | ects | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|-----------------|--|------------------------------|---|--|
| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product | | | | | | |
| Ingestion | | naterial has NOT been classified by EC Directives or coorating animal or human evidence. | other classif | fication | on systems as 'harmful by ir | ngestion'. This is because of the lack of | |
| Skin Contact | The m Skin of follow | material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact naterial may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis co contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (a ing entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. on and skin reactions are possible with sensitive skin | ndition | | | rial may still produce health damage | |
| Eye | Conta | naterial can cause eye irritation and damage in some act with the eye by metal dusts may produce mechanic hay cause discolouration of the cornea and iris, and effort | cal abrasion | | | | |
| Chronic | Skin o | contact with the material is more likely to cause a sens | sitisation rea | actio | n in some persons compare | ed to the general population. | |
| | | TOXICITY | | | IRRITATION | | |
| SteelStik™ Epoxy Pu | | Not Available | | | Not Available | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| bisphenol A diglycidyl eth | | TOXICITY | | | | IRRITATION | |
| polym | er | dermal (rat) LD50: >1200 mg/kg ^[2] | | | | Not Available | |
| | | Oral (Mouse) LD50; >500 mg/kg ^[2] | | | | | |
| | | TOXICITY | IRRITATION | | | | |
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl eth | er | dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] | Not Available | | | | |
| ., , , , | | Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] | | | | | |
| | | TOXICITY | IRRI | ΤΔΤΙ | ION | | |
| | | dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] | | | | | |
| Та | lc 🗆 | Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2.00 mg/kg ⁻¹ Skin: no adverse effect observed (r | | | | | |
| | | Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1] | | | | J | |
| | | | | | IRRITATION | | |
| Chlori | te | TOXICITY | | | | | |
| | | Not Available | | | Not Available | | |
| _ | | TOXICITY | | | IR | RRITATION | |
| Quar | | Oral (Rat) LD50: 500 mg/kg ^[2] | | | N | ot Available | |
| | | тохісіту | | IRR | ITATION | | |
| | | dermal (hamster) LD50: >=10000 mg/kg ^[2] | | Eye | : no adverse effect observe | d (not irritating) ^[1] | |
| titanium dioxide (brookit | | Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2.28 mg/l4h ^[1] | | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] | | | |
| | | Oral (Rat) LD50: >=2000 mg/kg ^[1] | | | | | |
| | | TOVICITY | | | IDDITATION | | |
| glass, oxid | de 📗 | TOXICITY Not Available | | | IRRITATION Not Available | | |
| | | NOLAY AII AUTE | | | INUL AVAIIADIE | | |
| | | TOXICITY | | | IRRITATION | | |
| Dolomi | | Not Available | | | Not Available | | |
| | | TOVICITY | | | | IDDITATION | |
| Magnesi | te | TOXICITY | | | | IRRITATION Not Available | |
| | | Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] | I VOL AVAIIADIG | | | | |

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 9 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

TOXICITY IRRITATION Not Available Oral (Rat) LD50: 98600 mg/kg^[2] TOXICITY IRRITATION Not Available Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >10200 mg/kg *[2] pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >100 mg/m3 *[2] Oral (Rat) LD50: 2600 mg/kg *[2] TOXICITY IRRITATION bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol Not Available Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION 2.4.6 dermal (rat) LD50: >973 mg/kg[1] Eye: adverse effect observed (irreversible damage)^[1] tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol Oral (Rat) LD50: 1200 mg/kg^[2] Skin: adverse effect observed (corrosive)^[1] TOXICITY IRRITATION carbon black Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1] Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1] Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg[1] Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1] 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise Leaend: specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances For titanium dioxide The material may produce moderate eye irritation leading to inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce TITANIUM DIOXIDE conjunctivitis (BROOKITE) The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. A similar spherical glass powder was nontoxic to rats at 5,000 mg/kg. All animals survived, gained weight and appeared active and healthy. There were no signs of gross toxicity, adverse pharmacologic effects or abnormal behavior. There are no known reports of subchronic toxicity of GLASS, OXIDE nonfibrous glass. There are no known reports of carcinogenicity of nonfibrous glass When tested for primary irritation potential, a similar material caused minimal irritation to eyes and was non-irritating to skin. Dust in excess of recommended exposure limits may result in irritation to the Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. Polyethers (such as ethoxylated surfactants and polyethylene glycols) are highly susceptible to being oxidized in the air. They then form complex mixtures of oxidation products. Animal testing reveals that whole the pure, non-oxidised surfactant is non-sensitizing, many of the oxidation products are sensitisers. The oxidization products also cause irritation. pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped Both the vitro skin corrosion test and the vivo skin irritation study did not show significant irritating properties A reliable in vivo eye irritation in rabbit is available, demonstrating no significant eye irritating properties. In a LLNA study it was shown that the material could elicit a SI =3. Based on this result, the material needs to be classified as a skin sensitiser, according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures. A 90-day oral gavage study in rats was performed according to GLP and OECD 408 (1998). Based on decreased platelet count and increased incidence of follicular hypertrophy/hyperplasia in the thyroid glands in males at 250 mg/kg bw/d and above, the NOAEL was set at 75 mg/kg bw/d. Based on the available data on genetic toxicity, the substance needs not to be classified for genotoxicity according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixture * REACh **CARBON BLACK** Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-I Nil reported SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty & The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. pentaerythritol, propoxylated, Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact mercaptoglycerol capped eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty & Exposure to titanium dioxide is via inhalation, swallowing or skin contact. When inhaled, it may deposit in lung tissue and lymph nodes causing TITANIUM DIOXIDE dysfunction of the lungs and immune system. Absorption by the stomach and intestines depends on the size of the particle. (BROOKITE) SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty & CARBON BLACK WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans. TITANIUM DIOXIDE (BROOKITE) & GLASS, OXIDE No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. & CARBON BLACK **Acute Toxicity** Carcinogenicity × Skin Irritation/Corrosion Reproductivity v × Serious Eye Damage/Irritation STOT - Single Exposure Respiratory or Skin STOT - Repeated Exposure × sensitisation

Mutagenicity

×

Aspiration Hazard

Version No: 4.6 Page 10 of 16 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Print Date: 10/25/2023

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not till the criteria for classification
 ✓ − Data available to make classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| IOXICITY | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Endpoint | | Test Duration (hr) | | Species | Val | lue | | Source | |
| SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty | Not Available Not Available | | | | Not Available | | t Available | | | |
| | Hotrivaliable | | TTOTTWAIIABIC | | Hotrivaliable | 140 | r / tvaliable | | 14007440 | павіс |
| | Endpoint | | Test Duration (hr) | | Species | | Value | • | ource | |
| | EC50 | | 48h | | Crustacea | | ~2mg/l | 2 | | |
| bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | EC50(ECx) | | 24h | | Crustacea | | 3mg/l | | ot Availab | 0 |
| | LC50 | | 96h | | Fish | | 2.4mg/l | | ot Availab | |
| | LC30 | | 9011 | | FISH | | 2.4mg/i | IN. | IUI Avallab | е |
| | Endneint | Т | of Duration (br) | Smar | .i.o. | | | Value | | Source |
| | Endpoint EC50 | | st Duration (hr) | Spec | | nto. | | | | 2 |
| Advantage to the land of the land of | | 72 | | | e or other aquatic plar | ils | | ~9mg/l | | - |
| ert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | EC50 | 48 | | | tacea | | | ~67.9m | | 2 |
| | LC50 | 96 | | Fish | | | | ~7.5mg | - | 2 |
| | EC50(ECx) | 72 | h | Algae | e or other aquatic plar | nts | | ~9mg/l | | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Endpoint | | st Duration (hr) | Specie | | | | lue | | Source |
| Talc | EC50 | 96 | | | or other aquatic plants | 8 | | 02.7mg/l | | 2 |
| | LC50 | 96 | h | Fish | | | 89 | 581.016m | ng/l | 2 |
| | NOEC(ECx) | NOEC(ECx) 720h Algae or other aquatic plants 91 | | | | 918 | 918.089mg/l 2 | | 2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chlorite | Endpoint | | | | Species | Species Value | | Source | | |
| | Not Available Not Available | | Not Available | Not Available Not Availab | | | t Available | ole Not Available | | |
| | Fundament | | Took Donation (ba) | | Cursics. | Val | | | 0 | |
| Quartz | Endpoint | | Test Duration (hr) | | Species | Val | | | Source | |
| | Not Available | | Not Available | | Not Available | INO | t Available | | Not Ava | liable |
| | Endpoint | Те | st Duration (hr) | Specie | ne | | V | alue | | Source |
| | BCF | | 08h | Fish | | | | 1.1-9.6 | | 7 |
| | | 72 | | Algae or other aquatic plants | | | | | /I | |
| titaning diamida (basalita) | EC50 | | | | | 5 | | .75-7.58m | ig/i | 4 |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | EC50 | 48 | | Crustacea | | | | 1.9mg/l | | 2 |
| | EC50 | 96 | | Algae or other aquatic plants | | | | 179.05mg/l | | 2 |
| | LC50 | 96 | 96h | | Fish | | | 1.85-3.06mg/l | | 4 |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 67 | '2h | Fish | | | >: | =0.004mg | g/L | 2 |
| | Endneint | T. | oot Duration (br) | Sman | iaa | | | Value | | Source |
| | Endpoint | | est Duration (hr) | Spec | | | | | , | |
| glass, oxide | EC50 | 72 | | Algae or other aquatic plants | | | | >1000mg/l | | 2 |
| | LC50 | 96 | | Fish | | | | >1000mg/l | | 2 |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 72 | 2h | Crust | acea | | | >=1000m | ng/l | 2 |
| | Fundament | | Total Dougation (Inn) | | Curaira | Val | | | | |
| Dolomite | Endpoint | | Test Duration (hr) | | Species | Val | | Source | | |
| | Not Available | | Not Available | | Not Available | No | t Available | | Not Ava | iiadie |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Endnoint | _ T | est Duration (hr) | Sno | riae | | | Value | | Source |
| Magnesite | Endpoint LC50 | | est Duration (hr) | Spe Fish | cies | | | Value 2120m | ng/I | Source 2 |

Algae or other aquatic plants

72h

EC50

2

>18.5mg/l

Version No: 4.6 Page 11 of 16 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

| | NOEC(ECx) | 72 | 2h | Alg | ae or oth | er aquatic plan | nts | 18 | 3.5mg/l | 2 | |
|---|---------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | Endpoint | | Duration (hr) | Species | | | | lue | | Source | |
| | EC50 | 72h | | | | atic plants | | mg/l | | 2 | |
| iron | EC50 | 48h | | Crustacea | a | | | 00mg/l | | 2 | |
| | LC50 | 96h | | Fish | | | 0.0 | 00499-0.008 | 319mg/l | 4 | |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 48h | | Algae or o | other aqu | atic plants | 0.1 | I-4mg/I | | 4 | |
| | For two days | | T B | | | . | N/-I | | | | |
| | Endpoint | | Test Duration (hr |) | | Species | Val | | Source | | |
| pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped | EC50 | | 48h | | | Crustacea | 12n | | Not Ava | | |
| | LC50 | | 96h | | | Fish | 87n | | | t Available | |
| | EC50(ECx) | | 48h | | (| Crustacea | 12n | ng/l | Not Available | | |
| | Endpoint | | Test Duration (hr | • | Specie | | Value | | Sou | | |
| is[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available | · | | Not Available Not Available | | | | ilabla | Not Available | | |
| | Not Available | | Not Available | | NOI AV | raliable | NOT AVA | liable | NOL | Available | |
| | Endpoint | Test | Duration (hr) | Specie | es | | | Value | s | ource | |
| | EC50 | 72h | | Algae | Algae or other aquatic plants | | | 2.8mg/l | 2 | | |
| 2,4,6- | EC50 | 48h | | Crusta | cea | | | >100mg | /I 2 | | |
| s[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | EC50(ECx) | 24h | | Crusta | cea | | | 280mg/l | N | lot Available | |
| | LC50 | 96h | | Fish | Fish 100 | | | 1000mg | 000mg/l Not Available | | |
| | Enduciat | Tool | Duration (br) | Smaning | | | | Value | | Source | |
| | Endpoint | | Duration (hr) | - | Species | | | Value | | | |
| | EC50 | 72h | | | Algae or other aquatic plants | | | >0.2mg/l | | 2 | |
| carbon black | EC50 | 48h | | Crustace | ea | | | 33.076-41.9 | ю8mg/I | 4 | |
| | LC50 | 96h | | Fish | | | | >100mg/l | | 2 | |
| | NOEC(ECx) | 24h | 4h Crustacea 3200 | | | 3200mg/l | 00mg/l 1 | | | | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient | Persistence: Water/Soil | Persistence: Air |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | HIGH | HIGH |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | HIGH | HIGH |
| Magnesite | LOW | LOW |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | HIGH | HIGH |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|---|------------------------|
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | LOW (LogKOW = 3.5231) |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | LOW (BCF = 10) |
| Magnesite | LOW (LogKOW = -0.4605) |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | LOW (LogKOW = 0.773) |

12.4. Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|---|-------------------|
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | LOW (KOC = 293.2) |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | LOW (KOC = 23.74) |
| Magnesite | HIGH (KOC = 1) |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | LOW (KOC = 15130) |

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| | P | В | Т |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Relevant available data | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| PBT | × | × | × |

Print Date: 10/25/2023

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 12 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

 P
 B
 T

 vPvB
 X
 X

 PBT Criteria fulfilled?
 No

 vPvB
 No

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

- ▶ Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible. Otherwise:

Product / Packaging disposal

- If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.
- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.

| Waste treatment options | Not Available |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Sewage disposal options | Not Available |

t Available

SECTION 14 Transport information

HAZCHEM

Not Applicable

| Land transport (ADR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|
| 14.1. UN number or ID number | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | Class Subsidiary Hazard | Not Appl | | | |
| 14.4. Packing group | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | | |
| | Hazard identification | (Kemler) | Not Applicable | | |
| | Classification code | | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.6. Special precautions for | Special precautions for Hazard Label | | Not Applicable | | |
| user | Special provisions | | Not Applicable | | |
| | Limited quantity | | Not Applicable | | |
| | Tunnel Restriction C | ode | Not Applicable | | |

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

| 14.1. UN number | Not Applicable | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Not Applicable | | | |
| | ICAO/IATA Class | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard | Not Applicable | | |
| ciass(cs) | ERG Code | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.4. Packing group | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard | Not Applicable | | | |
| | Special provisions | | Not Applicable | |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | Cargo Only Packing Instructions | | Not Applicable | |
| | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack | | Not Applicable | |
| | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions | | Not Applicable | |

 Version No: 4.6
 Page 13 of 16
 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

 Print Date: 10/25/2023
 Print Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack

Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions

Not Applicable

Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack

Not Applicable

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

| 14.1. UN number | Not Applicable | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.3. Transport hazard | IMDG Class | Not Applicable | | |
| class(es) | IMDG Subsidiary Haz | zard Not Applicable | | |
| 14.4. Packing group | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazard | Not Applicable | | | |
| | EMS Number | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | Special provisions | Not Applicable | | |
| | Limited Quantities | Not Applicable | | |

Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

| | | TON MANGENT OF BANGENOUS COOPS | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 14.1. UN number | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | Not Applicable Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.4. Packing group | Not Applicable | | | |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard | Not Applicable | | | |
| | Classification code | Not Applicable | | |
| 440 Consistence for | Special provisions | Not Applicable | | |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | Limited quantity | Not Applicable | | |
| 400. | Equipment required | Not Applicable | | |
| | Fire cones number | Not Applicable | | |
| | | | | |

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name | Group |
|--|---------------|
| bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | Not Available |
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | Not Available |
| Talc | Not Available |
| Chlorite | Not Available |
| Quartz | Not Available |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | Not Available |
| glass, oxide | Not Available |
| Dolomite | Not Available |
| Magnesite | Not Available |
| iron | Not Available |
| pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped | Not Available |
| bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available |
| carbon black | Not Available |

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name | Ship Type |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer | Not Available |
| 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether | Not Available |
| Talc | Not Available |
| Chlorite | Not Available |

Version No: 4.6 Page 14 of 16 Issue Date: 10/25/2023

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Print Date: 10/25/2023

| Product name | Ship Type |
|--|---------------|
| Quartz | Not Available |
| titanium dioxide (brookite) | Not Available |
| glass, oxide | Not Available |
| Dolomite | Not Available |
| Magnesite | Not Available |
| iron | Not Available |
| pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped | Not Available |
| bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available |
| 2,4,6- tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol | Not Available |
| carbon black | Not Available |

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List Great Britain GB mandatory classification and labelling list (GB MCL) International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

Talc is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS) UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs).

Chlorite is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Quartz is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs).

titanium dioxide (brookite) is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List Great Britain GB mandatory classification and labelling list (GB MCL) International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs).

glass, oxide is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Dolomite is found on the following regulatory lists

Not Applicable

Magnesite is found on the following regulatory lists

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs).

iron is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs).

pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped is found on the following regulatory lists

bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol is found on the following regulatory lists

Not Applicable

2,4,6-tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol is found on the following regulatory lists

Great Britain GB mandatory classification and labelling list (GB MCL)

carbon black is found on the following regulatory lists

Version No: **4.6** Page **15** of **16** Issue Date: **10/25/2023**

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Print Date: 10/25/2023

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC

Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

UK Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs).

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):

Seveso Category Not Available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

National Inventory Status

| National Inventory | Status | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use | No (Chlorite; bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol) | | |
| Canada - DSL | No (Chlorite; Dolomite; bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol) | | |
| Canada - NDSL | No (bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer; 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether; Talc; Chlorite; Quartz; titanium dioxide (brookite); glass, oxide; Magnesite; iron; pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped; bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol; 2,4,6-tris[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol; carbon black) | | |
| China - IECSC | Yes | | |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | No (pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped) | | |
| Japan - ENCS | No (Chlorite; glass, oxide; Dolomite; iron; pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped) | | |
| Korea - KECI | No (bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol) | | |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | Yes | | |
| Philippines - PICCS | Yes | | |
| USA - TSCA | No (Chlorite; bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol) | | |
| Taiwan - TCSI | Yes | | |
| Mexico - INSQ | No (bisphenol A diglycidyl ether polymer; 4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether; Chlorite; pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped; bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol) | | |
| Vietnam - NCI | Yes | | |
| Russia - FBEPH | No (4-tert-butylphenyl glycidyl ether; Chlorite; pentaerythritol, propoxylated, mercaptoglycerol capped; bis[(dimethylamino)methyl]phenol) | | |
| Legend: | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration. | | |

SECTION 16 Other information

| Revision Date | 10/25/2023 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date | 09/14/2020 |

Full text Risk and Hazard codes

| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
|------|---|
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H351 | Suspected of causing cancer. |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

SDS Version Summary

| Version | Date of Update | Sections Updated |
|---------|----------------|---|
| 3.6 | 10/24/2023 | Hazards identification - Classification, Composition / information on ingredients - Ingredients, Name |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

Version No: **4.6** Page **16** of **16** Issue Date: **10/25/2023**

SteelStik™ Epoxy Putty

Print Date: 10/25/2023

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments | Classification Procedure | |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, H315 | Minimum classification | |
| Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1B, H317 | Calculation method | |
| Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, H319 | Minimum classification | |

Powered by AuthorITe, from Chemwatch.